

# Putting People at the Center of the Practices

## Reminders

- Participants will be muted during this webinar. You can use the chat feature in Zoom to post questions and communicate with the hosts (chat "To Everyone" for all to see).
- Toward the end of the webinar, our speakers will have an opportunity to **respond to questions** that have been entered into chat.
- The webinar is being live captioned in English.
- Attendees may receive 1.5 Continuing Education Credits. To confirm attendance, please login to the webinar via your Zoom account.
- The live webinar includes **polls and evaluation questions**. Please be prepared to interact during these times.
- This webinar is being recorded. **The recorded webinar will be available** at <a href="https://www.hsri.org/nd-pcp">www.hsri.org/nd-pcp</a> within two weeks, along with a PDF version of the slides, and questions and responses.

# Agenda

10:30 - 10:40	Welcome Jake Reuter and Pamela Sagness
10:40 - 11:10	Presentation Jennifer Turner
11:10 - 11:15	Break
11:15 - 11:20	Welcome Back
11:20 - 11:55	Panel of Individuals with Shared Experiences  Alisha Owens, Lindsay Schuh, Shannon Strating and Shannon VandeVenter
11:55 - 12:00	Closing + Next Steps

## Welcome

## Pamela Sagness

Executive Policy Director, Behavioral Health Division Dakota | Human Service

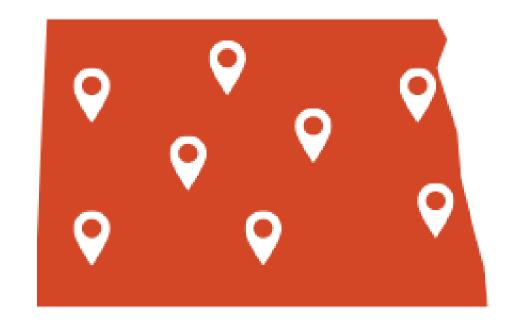


- Responsible for identifying service needs and activities in the state's behavioral health system.
- Works with partners to address behavioral health needs across the continuum from prevention to recovery.
- Experience as a clinical provider in both the public and private sectors informs her development of effective programs and policies with a focus on systemic change.

# **Statewide + Systemwide Initiative**

Person-Centered Practices (PCP) assist individuals in having control over the life they desire, and fully engaging in their communities.

North Dakota is developing a strong and consistent statewide vision and universal understanding of personcenteredness across all North Dakota Department of Human Services entities and community partners.



# How to Implement



Bring diverse voices to the table



Support individuals

participating in

services and

statewide system

change efforts



Transform policies
to reflect statewide
person-centered
values and culture



**Ensure communication** is accessible and relatable

# Support from Subject Matter Experts

### **Technical Assistance**

The National Center on Advancing Person-Centered Practices and Systems (NCAPPS) helps states, tribes, and territories implement person-centered thinking, planning, and practice in line with US Department of Health and Human Services policy. North Dakota is one of 15 states to receive Technical Assistance for up to 100 hours of subject matter expertise for three years, to help advance person-centered thinking, planning, and practice. The third year begins in October 2020.

#### Collaboration with Local ND Stakeholders and Tribal Nations

Local organizations, advocacy groups, and representatives from Tribal Nations have contributed to development of North Dakota's Person-Centered Practices initiative.

## **Project Management**

Support for the statewide initiative, including coordination of efforts, is being provided by the Human Services Research Institute (HSRI).

## **Materials**



#### www.hsri.org/nd-pcp

A public website with updates on North Dakota's PCP system change initiative.



#### **Technical Assistance Plan**

NCAPPS, HSRI, a cross-division workgroup and subject-matter experts are managing North Dakota's plan and related activities to ensure system change.

### **Asset Map**

A working tool to:

- document existing stakeholder engagement opportunities
- encourage systematic and strategic thinking about next steps
- save time and resources
- reference when brainstorming potential groups to engage
- expand and improve on current systems and processes



#### **Person-Centered Practices Summit**

Three-part webinar series in Fall 2020 to engage individuals receiving services, their families, stakeholders, and providers in a true form of collaboration to reach a shared understanding of PCP, facilitate connections, embrace cultures and promote improvement for system change.





## **How to Engage Individuals Who Receive Services**

North Dakota's Guide of Best Practices outlines proven strategies on how to consistently involve individuals in workgroups and teams, so they are at the table when decisions are being made.

## **Person-Centered Practices Self-Assessment**

All divisions in the Department of Human Services will engage in the Person-Centered Practices Self-Assessment process.

- Aging Services
- Developmental Disabilities
- Children & Family Services
- Behavioral Health

- Vocational Rehabilitation
- Administration Services
- Medical Services (Medicaid Office)
- Field Services (Life Skills & Transition Center)

The Self-Assessment is an online, internal tool for people who manage programs that offer support services to measure their progress toward building a more person-centered system.

## **Areas Covered in Self-Assessment**

## Leadership

How well people in charge know about and support person-centered practices.

# Person-Centered Service Planning

How is the process for creating person-centered plans and ensuring the services are working.

# Person-Centered Culture

How person-centered is the system's culture and how can personcentered approaches help address risks.

# Workforce Capacity & Capability

How well staff know about and have the skills to deliver person-centered planning and supports.

# Eligibility & Service Access

How person-centered is the intake and assessment process for people seeking supports.

# Collaboration & Partnership

How are partnerships with service users, families, service providers, and advocacy organizations.

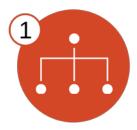
## **Financing**

How are agreements with providers structured and how well are services helping people reach their goals.

## **Quality & Innovation**

The agency's mission and standards.

## **Self-Assessment Process**



Assign Division Leads and Determine Participants



Participants Take Online Self-Assessment



Review Scores and Establish Consensus on Baseline Status



Engage Stakeholders and Service Users to Inform Action Plan



Use Information to Create Action Plan



Communicate Action Plan Throughout the Division



Evaluate Progress Every Six Months



**Update System Goals** 

# **Status Update**









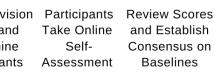








	Assign Division  Leads and  Determine  Participants
<mark>Services</mark> Program: Fall 2019	$\otimes$



Consensus on Baselines

Engage and Establish Stakeholders and Information Service Users to Inform Action Plan Action Plan

Use to Create Communicate Action Plan Throughout the Division

Evaluate Progress **Every Six** Months

Update System Goals

Aging Services Pilot Program: Fall 2019	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$		
<b>Developmental Disabilities</b> Timing: Summer 2020	$\bigcirc$	$\bigotimes$	$\bigotimes$			
Children & Family Services Timing: Fall 2020	$\bigotimes$	$\bigcirc$				
Behavioral Health Timing: TBD						
Vocational Rehabilitation Timing: TBD						
Administration Services Timing: TBD					$\bigcirc$	

Field Services (Life Skills & **Transition Center)** 

Timing: TBD

**Medical Services** (Medicaid Office) Timing: TBD

# **Recap of First Webinar**

## **Building Foundations for Person-Centered Practices**

Michael Smull



- Person-Centered Planning is about asking the right questions, respectfully listening, and organizing the learning.
- Good plans are living plans:
  - You feel that you have met the person (and not just the disability)
  - The plan respectfully reflects the person's culture and identity
  - You know what the person wants the plan to accomplish
  - How to best support the person in moving toward their outcome(s) is clear



# Tammy's One Page Description

#### What is Important to Tammy (pages 7-8)

- Being a part of things
- Having eye contact with everyone
- Looking stylish and having her hair and nails done
- Being comfortable and not having her tubes underneath her
- No roughness in personal care

## What People Like and Admire about Tammy (page 6)

- Is always smiling
- Totally accepts people
- WONDERFUL personality
- Stylish
- Accepting and forgiving
- Resilient
- Great sense of humor
- · Friendly and social



#### **Tammy's Picture Of A Life (Pages 19-21)**

- Live in a big wheelchair accessible home with extra wide doors, close to her family
- · Have a fun and social housemate
- Have a beautician she can go to regularly
- Have a social medical day program close to home
- Have specialized medical services and medical equipment (including backup generator)

## **Supports Tammy Needs to be Happy, Healthy and Safe (pages 10-14)**

- Always have her head elevated
- To be suctioned frequently (5-6 times per shift).
   Gurgling noises means she needs to be suctioned
- To have people be kind, sensitive, loving and have a gentle touch
- Be gentle with brushing her hair (she doesn't like it, but wants it to always look nice)
- Always make sure her clothes match and make sure it's not sweat clothes
- Tammy needs to be repositioned every two hours
- Always follow through with a promise or give an explanation of what is going on and when you can keep the promise if something comes up
- Be sure to have Tammy use her body to keep flexible

## Describe what Person-Centered Practices are.







## **Presentation**

## Jennifer Turner, LCSW

Strategizer of Solutions, Charting the LifeCourse Nexus

turnerje@umkc.edu | 816-235-5450 | www.lifecoursetools.com





- Passionate about the development and implementation of best practice that will drive systems change and impact families.
- Lead for Organizational and System Change Initiatives at the University of Missouri Kansas City, Institute for Human Development
- Her commitment to advocacy and social justice originates in her first and most important role of "big sister" to two siblings a sister in her 30's with a disability and a sister who is 15 and adopted.
- Licensed as a Clinical Social Worker
- Formerly a Support Coordinator and Director of a Provider Agency
- Co-Director for the National Community of Practice for Supporting Families
- Subject Matter Expert for the National Center on Advancing Person-Centered Practices and Systems

# **Today's Objectives**

- Introduce the Charting the LifeCourse framework that is being used to enhance policy and practices around the country.
- Toward the end Share concrete examples of the Person-Centered Practices that support choice, control, and decision-making.













# Overview of the Charting the LifeCourse Framework

## Who We Are

University of Kansas City Institute for Human Development, UCEDD conducts and collaborates on a wide variety of applied research projects to develop, implement, and evaluate new ideas and promising practices that support healthy, inclusive communities.











# **Charting the LifeCourse**



## **Exchange**

- Access to Resources and Tools
- Training
- Technical Assistance



#### Build

- Innovate and Enhance
- Develop
- Research



#### Collaborate

- **Network and Connect**
- Share Learning
- **Share Stories**









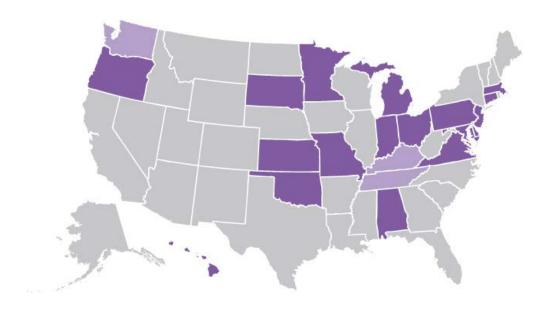






# The National Community of Practice for **Supporting Families**

Enhances and drives policy, practice, and system transformation to support the person within the context of their family and their community.



Collaboration Between:



National Association of State Directors of Developmental Disability Services











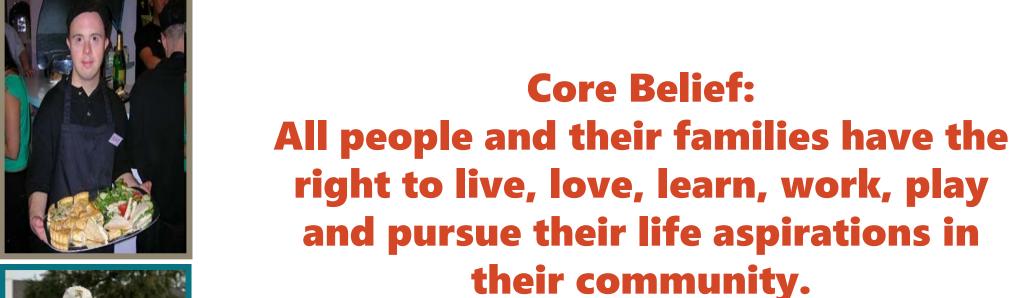














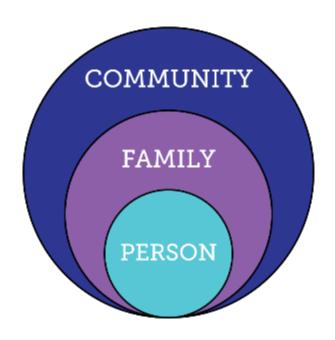








# **Transforming Services and Supports**



Everyone exists within the context of family and community



Person in relation to **Traditional Disability Services** 



**Integrated Services and** Supports within context of person, family and community













## What is Charting the LifeCourse

## Created to help individuals and families of all abilities and all ages:

- develop a vision for a good life
- think about what they need to know and do
- identify how to find or develop supports
- discover what it takes to live the lives they want to live





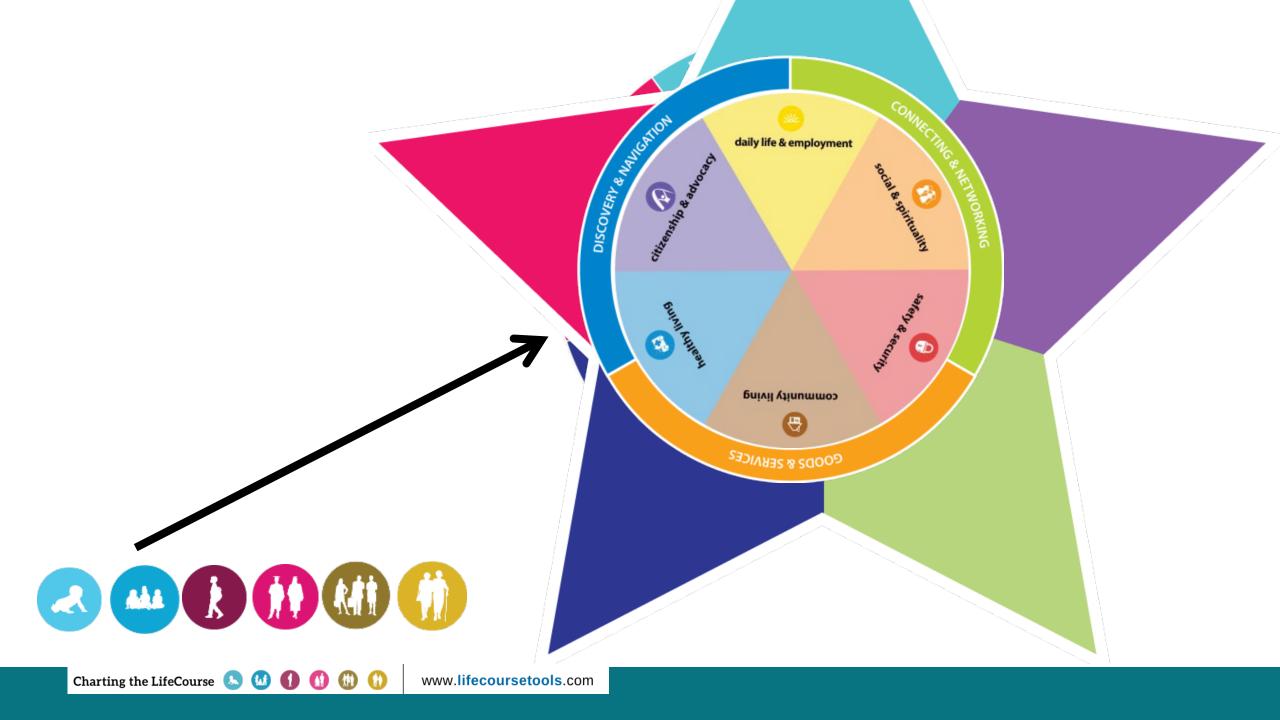




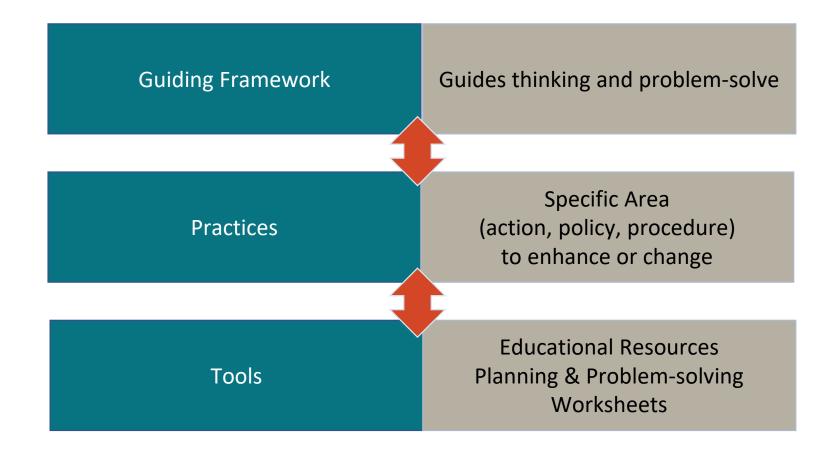








## What is Charting the LifeCourse





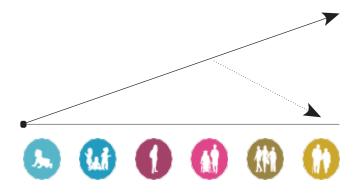








# Supporting a Person to Identify a Vision for a Good Life



The future is not something we enter. The future is something that we create. And creating that future requires us to make choices and decisions that begin with a dream.

-Leonard L. Sweet









## Vision of a "Good Life"

What is YOUR Vision for a "Good Life"?

What is NOT a Good Life?











**Trajectory Towards Good Life** 



**VISION** 

Family Friends TATTOOS Vacations Girlfriend Concerts WWE NASCAR Money Job/own business Fire Station Church Tiger Football Royals Good Food Pepsi Beer Active Healthy & Fit

#### WHAT I DON'T WANT

Poverty/No Money Poor Health Diabetes Heart Disease Guardian Isolated/Segregated Institution/group home **Treated Differently** 

Trajectory Towards Life Outcomes Trajectory towards things unwanted





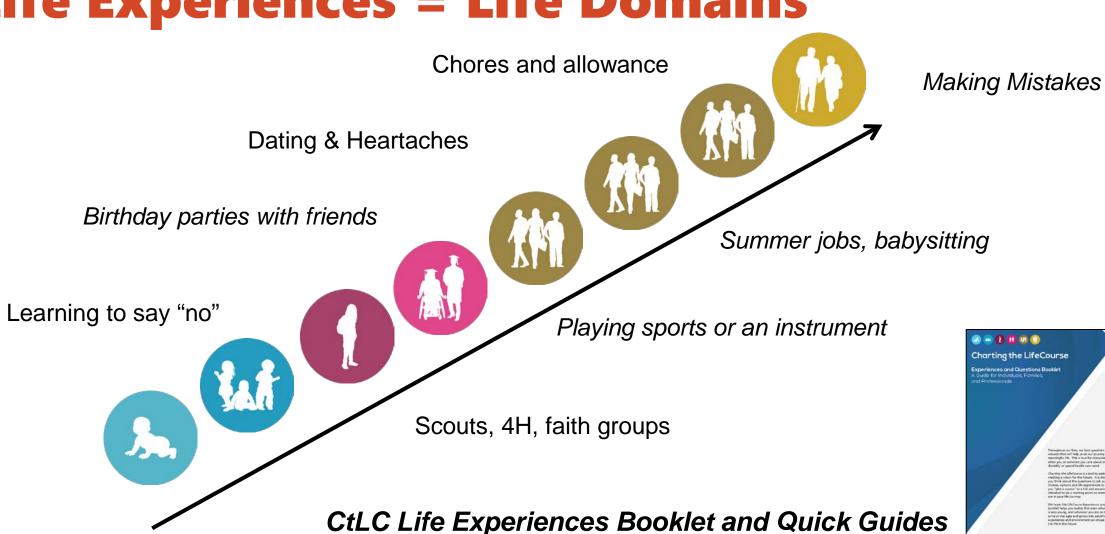


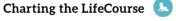






**Life Experiences = Life Domains** 















# **Life Experiences = Life Outcomes = Good Life**













# **How the Story Began: Sarah**

## **How Others Described Sarah:**

- Cerebral Palsy: "mobility issues"
- Moderate Intellectual Disability: "requires significant support"
- Chronic Hydrocephalus with multiple shunts: "medically fragile"
- Low vision/hearing: "can't navigate independently"

## Sarah's Family's View:













## **Shaping the Rest of the Story: Sarah**

Dating

Mentoring

program

- Church programs with others
- KS State School for the Blind
- Self-identifying symptoms
- PT/OT/Speech Therapy
- "Part of the family" responsibilities

"Special" treatment at school

Moving to a new city and starting over

BASE

Program for

High School

Volunteering

@ CARE

Inexperienced medical team who did not listen





### **What We Want**

- Live independently
- Get married and have kids
- Work with animals or kids
- Close relationships with friends and family

## What We DON'T Want

- Reliant on others for medical care
- Taken advantage of
- Bored, low self-esteem
- Others make all decisions choices for her









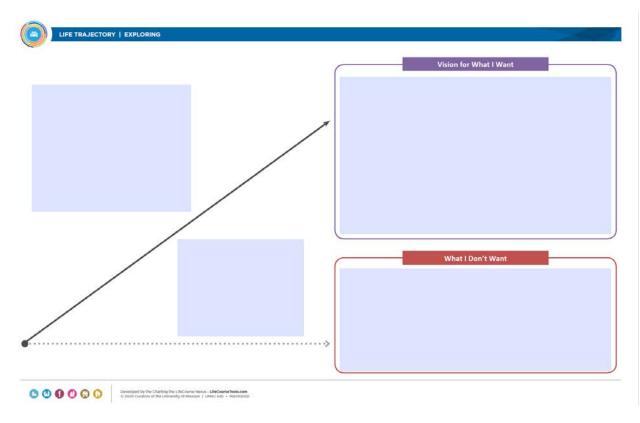


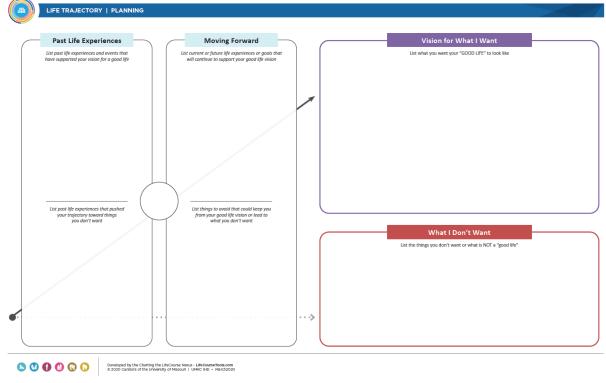






# **Tools for Exploring and Planning**















#### Life Trajectory Worksheet

#### Past Life Experiences

LIST past life experiences and events that supported your vision for a good life.

Chores; boy scouts; School inclusion/circle of friends:

Birthday parties:

Riding bike;

Family vacations;

Church youth group;

Debit card:

Football manager;

Volunteering

High School diploma

LIST past life experiences that pushed the arrow toward things you don't want.

Special education low expectations:

Para glued to Ben's side; Pressure to segregate; Medication

side effects:

Scoliosis:

Seizures:

Physical barriers;

#### Future Life Experiences

LIST current/ future life experiences that continue supporting your good life vision.

Volunteer at fire station; \Workout regularly; Keep in touch w/ friends: Increase alone time:

Go out with friends: Spend daytime hours out of the house; Explore micro

25 nterprise:

LIST life experiences to avoid because they push you toward things you don't want.

Sitting at home watching TV all day; Rely on paid supports; Gain weight; Eat unhealthy foods or drink too much Pepsi (caffeine);



LIST what you want your "good life" to look like ...

Family and friends

Girlfriend

**Vacations** 

Concerts; WWE; NASCAR

**Tattoos** 

Money; job or my own business

Volunteer at fire station

Being Tiger football manager

Church

Healthy & fit

Good food; Pepsi

Basketball

Royals baseball

Staying active

#### What I DON'T Want

LIST the things you don't want in your life...

Poor health, heart disease, diabetes; Poverty/no money;

Guardianship; institution/group home;

Segregation/isolation; being lonely

Being treated differently;









Write current age here

/••••••J









······















#### STAY HEALTHY/ACTIVE

- -Walk outdoors when it's nice weather
- -Avoid contact with anyone other than Mom or Dad (social distancing)
- -Get a list of other exercise ideas from Matt and Adam (weights, push-ups etc)--use ZOOM
- -Clean up the driveway basketball goal
- -Healthy but yummy food choices
- -Good and frequent hand washing
- -Purell
- -Wipe down surfaces daily
- -Cover coughs and sneezes
- -Check temperature regularly

#### DAILY LIFE/ROUTINE

- somewhat consistent wake/sleep times
- shower daily
- Help with housework/cooking/etc
- daily "schedule" of things to do such as exercise, physical activity, get outdoors, etc.

#### STAY CONNECTED

- -Facetime Matt and other family
- -Skype or Facetime Fire Dept shifts
- -Make an encouraging video for ESFD
- -Help Ben get on Facebook daily and
- "like" or comment on friends posts
- -online church services on Sundays
- -Front yard 10ft apart meet up with Steve

#### STAY BUSY/NOT BORED

- ipad (WWE, music
- Remote control truck
- \*\*see stay connected
- golf in basement
- Family Movie time
- explore e-books

#### POSSIBLE OBSTACLES/BARRIERS

- -Dad still has to work potential exposure
- -CO-VID on the news and other media all the time
- -Other people not complying with social distancing
- -CABIN FEVER IS REAL
- -Crappy weather/can't get outside

#### Vision for What I Want

#### WHAT WE WANT FOR BEN DURING THE CO-VID19 CRISIS

- -Keep busy
- -Keep working on fitness while he isn't able to access his trainer or the community center
- -Stay Connected with:
  - Fire department friends
  - Valued staff
  - Family who don't live with us (especially Matt)
  - St Ann friends
  - Coffee friends & other community acquaintances
- -Stay healthy and active
- -Dad and Mom stay healthy too
- -Keep a positive outlook on life BE HAPPY

#### What I Don't Want

### WHAT WE DON'T WANT TO HAPPEN DURING THE CRISIS

- Boredom
- -Get CO-VID19 or any other sickness
- -Stress and worry
- -Ben scared he will get sick
- -Ben worried for parent's health
- -Seizures or other diagnosis related health complications
- -Sadness
- -Missing family and friends
- -Gaining weight/out of shape





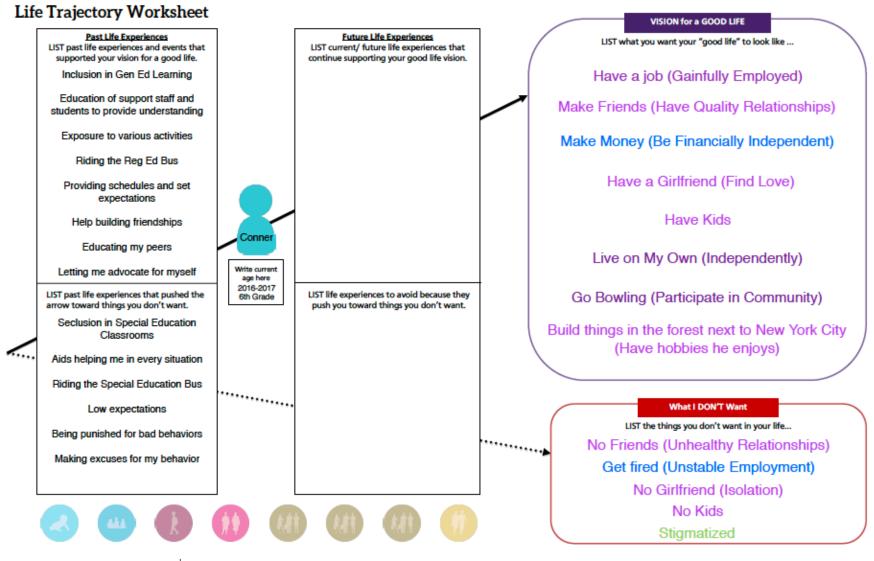








### **Trajectory for Planning Meeting**















# Determining Who Will Help to Reach the Vision and How



## CtLC Integrated Support Star

#### **PERSONAL STRENGTHS & ASSETS**

#### Strengths:

Things a person is good at or others admire or like

#### Assets:

Resources that are owned or can be accessed by the person

#### Skills:

Personal abilities, knowledge or experience

#### RELATIONSHIPS

#### Family:

People that love, and are committed to each other

#### Friends:

People that enjoy being together, have things in common, and care about each other

#### **Acquaintances:**

People that come into frequent contact with the person but don't know them well.

### **COMMUNITY RESOURCES**

**TECHNOLOGY** 

**Personal Technology:** 

Common technologies

used by anyone

**Environmental Technology:** 

Innovative technologies designed

to help a person navigate or

adapt their surroundings

**Assistive Technology:** 

Low-tech or specialized devices

that assist a person with

day-to-day tasks

#### Places:

Businesses, faith communities, parks and recreation, health care facilities

#### Groups:

Civic and membership organizations

#### **Government Resources:**

Local services, i.e.: public safety, legal, social programs

#### **ELIGIBILITY-SPECIFIC SUPPORTS**

#### **Disability Specific:**

Supports received based on a diagnosis, ie: Special Education, **Government Funded Disability Supports** 

#### Needs-based:

Supports based on age, gender, geographics, income level or employment status

Developed by the UMKC Institute for Human Development, UCEDD, July 2016















### RELATIONSHIPS

### Family:

People that love, care about, and are committed to each other

### Friends:

People that enjoy spending time together, have things in common, and care about each other

### Acquaintances:

People that come into frequent contact with the person but don't know them well.

















### PERSONAL STRENGTHS & ASSETS

### Strengths:

Things a person is good at or others admire or like

### Assets:

Resources that are owned or can be accessed by the person

### Skills:

Personal abilities, knowledge or experience

















### TECHNOLOGY

### Personal Technology:

Common technologies used by anyone \*

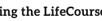
### Environmental Technology:

Innovative technologies designed to help a person navigate or adapt their environment\*

### Assistive Technology:

Low-tech or specialized devices that assist a person with day-to-day tasks\*



















### Places:

Businesses, faith communities, parks and recreation, health care facilities

### Groups:

Civic and membership organizations

### Government Resources:

Local services, i.e.: public safety, legal, social programs



















### ELIGIBILITY SPECIFIC SUPPORTS

### Disability Specific:

Supports received based on a diagnosis, ie: Special Education, Government Funded Disability Supports

#### Needs-based:

Supports based on age, gender, geographics, income level or employment status





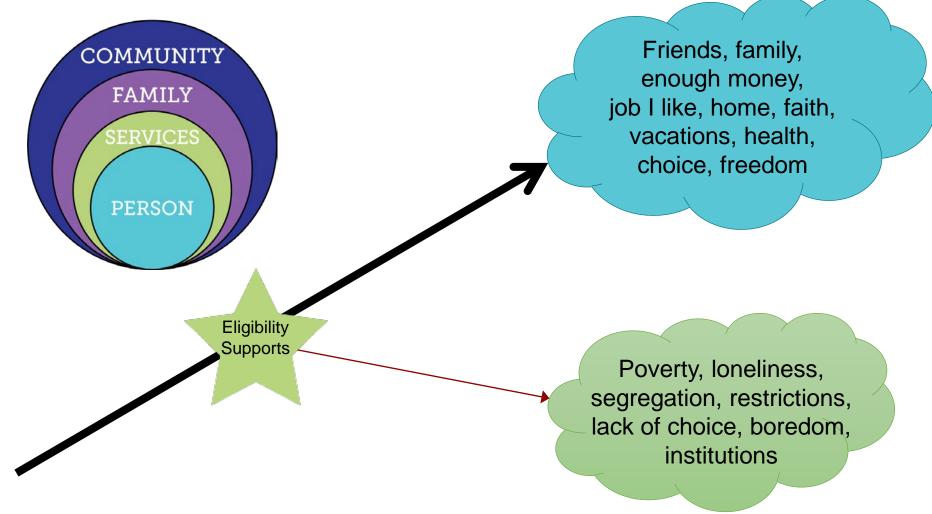








### **Focusing ONLY on Eligibility Supports**



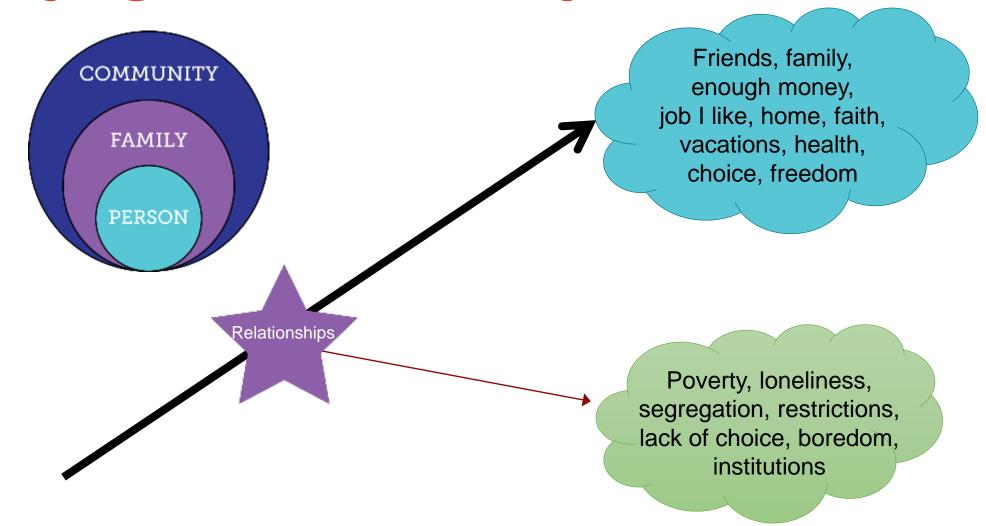








### **Relying ONLY on Family and Friends**

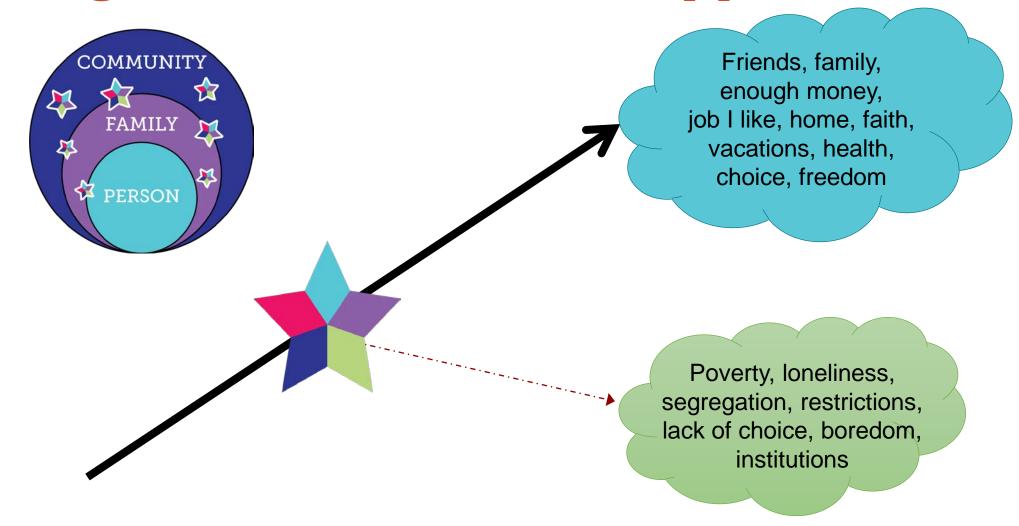












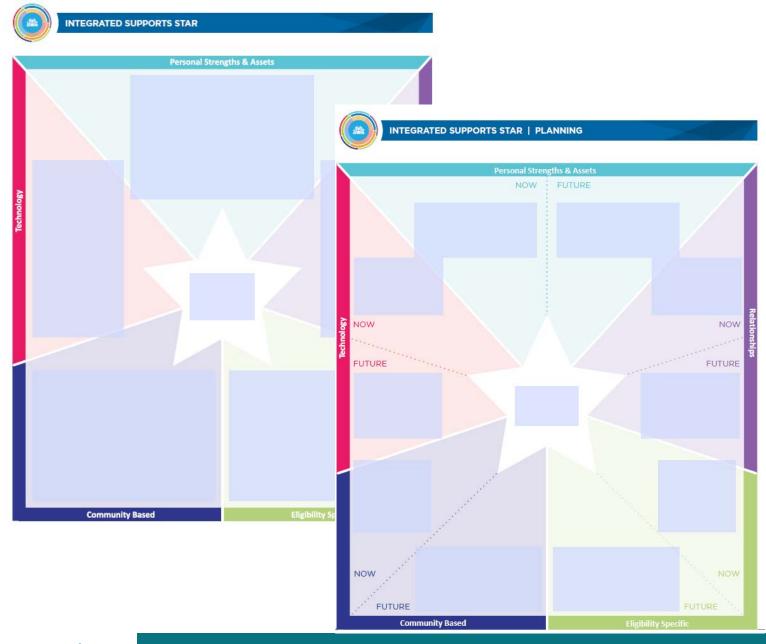








**CtLC** Integrated **Support Star** Tools + Resources













### Mapping Relationships



I-pad **Smart** Phone

Happy, Funny and loving Likes to help people Likes to try new things Police cars, tow trucks, fire engines and racecars **Golf Cart** 

Eric's



See his girlfriend more Connect with his family Spend more time with friends

Social and **Spiritual** 

> Companion Supports day-to-day



**Scouts** Red Robin Race Tracks













## **Problem Solving Transportation**

### Personal Strengths & Assets

Technology

**GPS** Find a Friend App Google Maps Metro Trip Planner Ability to follow a bus route Ability to input information in the Metro Trip Planner

Relationships

Neighbors Co-Workers Friends from Church Family Friends from Softball league

Community Based

Ridefinders **Carpool Connections** Share the Ride STL Uber

Eligibility Specific



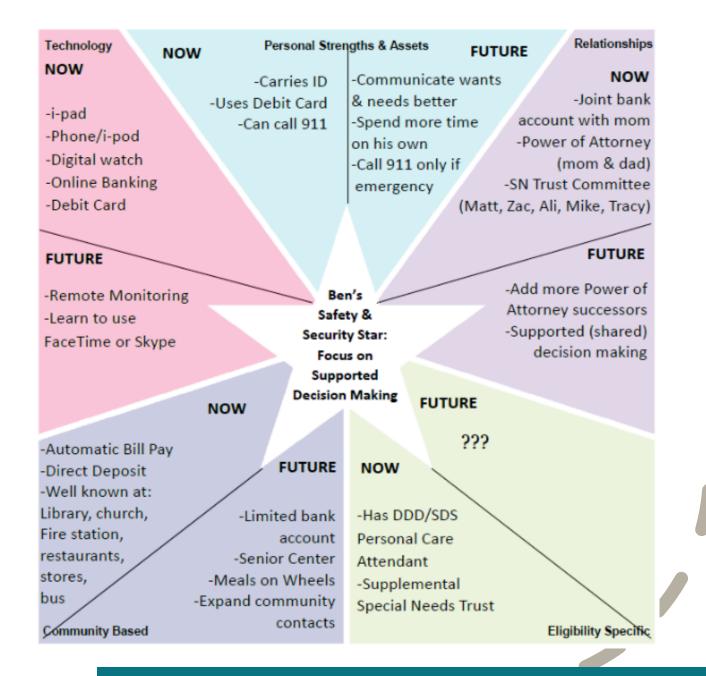








### Problem Solving for Decision Making Supports













### **Integrated Supports for Decision Making**

- Supports a person needs to understand their choices:
  - Information
  - Advice
- Supports a person needs to communicate their preferences:
  - Communication
- Supports a person needs to follow through on their decisions:
  - Reminders and logistics













## Break: Five Minutes

### **Panelists Sharing Lived Experiences**



**Alisha Owens** 

Community Options Client



**Lindsay Schuh** 

**Community Options** 



**Shannon Strating** 

Aging Services HCBS Program Administrator



**Shannon VandeVenter** 

**Parent** 

### **DECISION MAKING CONTINUUM**

### **PERSON AS LEGAL DECISION MAKER**

Makes their own decisions with no extra help from anyone else

### **GENERAL POWER OF ATTORNEY**

Person gives authority to another to act on their behalf in specific or all matters

### **CONSERVATOR**

Court appoints someone to have the care and custody of the estate

### **SUPPORTED DECISION MAKING**

Person makes their own decisions with support from others they know and trust

### **DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE**

Authorizes another to make health care decisions when the person cannot

### **GUARDIANSHIP**

Court appoints guardian to have care and custody of the person













### **Exploring Supported Decision-Making Tool**

Tool for Exploring Decisior	n Making S	Supports	
This tool was designed to assist individuals and supporters with explori	ng decision making	support needs for	each life domai
Name of Individual:			
Name of person completing this form:			
	ardian Other:		
How long have you known the individual?	urdidir other: _		
For each question below, mark the level of support you need when making and communicating decisions and choices in the Charting the LifeCourse life domains.	I can decide with	I need support	I need someon
	no extra support	with my decision	to decide for m
DAILY LIFE & EMPLOYMENT			
Can I decide if or where I want to work?			
Can I look for and find a job (read ads, apply, use personal contacts)?			
Do I plan what my day will look like?			
Do I decide if I want to learn something new and how to best go about that?			
Can I make big decisions about money? (open bank account, make big purchases)			
Do I make everyday purchases? (food, personal items, recreation)			
Do I pay my bills on time (rent, cell, electric, internet)			
Do I keep a budget so I know how much money I have to spend?			
Am I able to manage the eligibility benefits I receive?			
Do I make sure no one is taking my money or using it for themselves?			
O HEALTHY LIVING			
Do I choose when to go to the doctor or dentist?			
Do I decide/direct what doctors, medical/health clinics, hospitals,			
specialists or other health care providers I use?			
Can I make health/medical choices for my day-to-day well-being?			
(check-ups, routine screening, working out, vitamins)			
Can I make medical choices in serious situations? (surgery, big injury)			
Can I make medical choices in an emergency?			
Can I take medications as directed or follow a prescribed diet?			
Do I know the reasons why I take my medication?			
Do I understand the consequences if I refuse medical treatment?			
Can I alert others and seek medical help for serious health problems?			
Do I make choices about birth control or pregnancy?			
Do I make choices about drugs or alcohol?			
Do I understand health consequences associated with choosing high risk behaviors (substance abuse, overeating, high-risk sexual activities, etc.)?			
Do I decide where, when, and what to eat?			
Do I understand the need for personal hygiene and dental care?			

© 2018 UMKC Institute for Human Development, UCEDD, More tools and materials at lifecoursetools.com
---

CHARTING the LifeCourse	3 🤷 (	<b>B</b> (1)	MI (II)
For each question below, mark the level of support you need when making and communicating decisions and choices in the Charting the LifeCourse life domains.	I can decide with no extra support	I need support with my decision	I need someone to decide for me
↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑			
Do I choose where and when (and if) I want to practice my faith?			
Do I make choices about what to do and who to spend time with?			
Do I decide if I want to date, and choose who I want to date?			
Can I make decisions about marriage (If I want to marry, and who)?			
Can I make choices about sex, and do I understand consent and			
permission in regard to sexual relationships?			
A SAFETY & SECURITY			
Do I make choices that help me avoid common environmental			
dangers (traffic, sharp objects, hot stove, poisonous products, etc.)?			
Do I make plans in case of emergencies?			
Do I know and understand my rights?			
Do I recognize and get help if I am being treated badly (physically,			
emotionally or sexually abused, or neglected)			
Do I know who to contact if I feel like I'm in danger, being exploited,			
or being treated unfairly (police, attorney, trusted friend)?			
COMMUNITY LIVING			
Do I decide where I live and who I live with?			
Do I make safe choices around my home (turning off stove, having			
fire alarms, locking doors)?			
Do I decide about how I keep my home or room clean and livable?			
Do I make choices about going places I travel to often (work, bank,			
stores, church, friends' home)?			
Do I make choices about going places I don't travel to often (doctor			
appointments, special events)?			
Do I decide how to get to the places I want or need to go? (walk, ask			
a friend for a ride, bus, cab, car service)			
Do I decide and direct what kinds of support I need or want and			
choose who provides those supports?			
Do I decide who I want to represent my interests and support me?			
Do I choose whether to vote and who I vote for?			
Do I understand consequences of making decisions that will result in			
me committing a crime?			
Do I tell people what I want and don't want (verbally, by sign,			
device), and tell people how I make choices?			
Do I agree to and sign contracts and other formal agreements, such as powers of attorney?			
De I decide who I want information should with (family, friends at 12			

© 2018 UMKC Institute for Human Development, UCEDD. More tools and materials at lifecoursetools.com















### **Panelists**

What are strategies for ensuring the person is informed of all their options — including the various supports and services — and is supported (as they need) to have choice and control?

### **Elevating the Voice of All Team Members**



**Supporting** Person-Centered **Practices** 





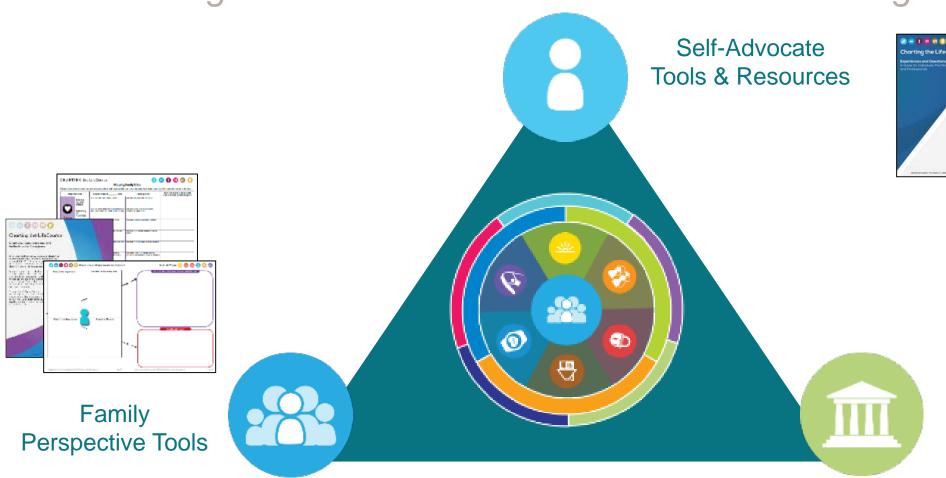


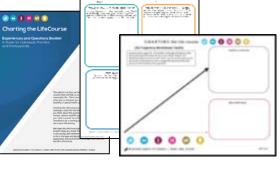




### **Tools for All Team Members**

Planning for Life Outcomes and/or Service Planning





Formal Planning **Tools & Forms** 



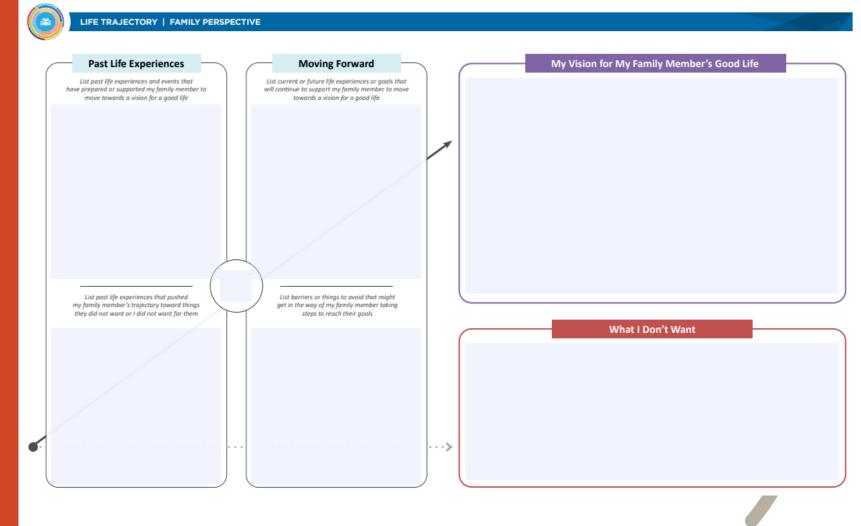




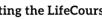




## Family Perspective Tools



www.lifecoursetools.com/lifecourse-library/foundational-tools/family-perspective/









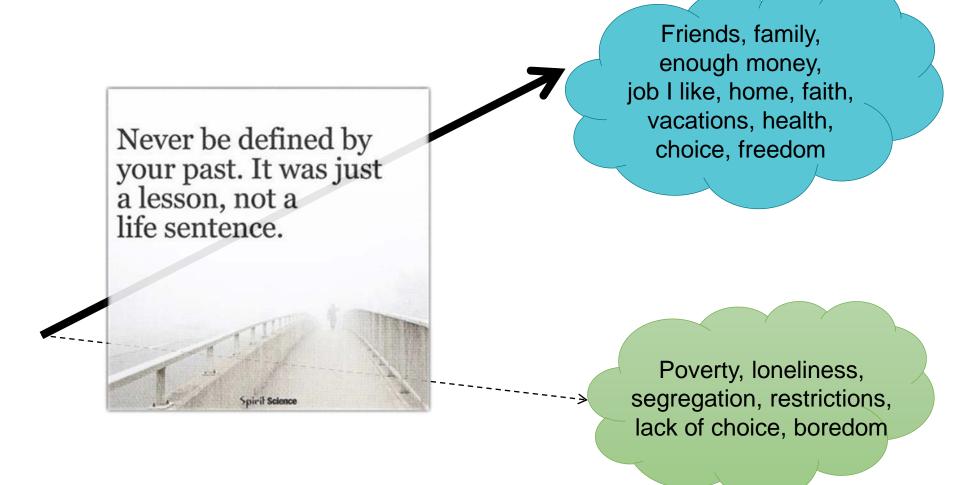




### **Panelists**

What are strategies for ensuring the person has a voice in their planning process – and that it is distinct from the rest of the team?

### **Dignity of Risk and Mistakes**











### **Panelists**

When a "risk" is identified, what are strategies to support the person and the team in planning for that risk?

### **Questions + Answers**

### **Closing + Next Steps**

- Register for our next webinar (and invite colleagues and friends!) at: https://zoom.us/webinar/register/WN\_Gt6Bb7B5QjWj\_UstGlluZQ
- 2 Responses to the word cloud exercise will be used to develop a North Dakota definition of Person-Centered Practices.
- Wiew Charting the LifeCourse Resources at: www.lifecoursetools.com
- Visit www.hsri.org/nd-pcp to view and use the materials currently available. The recording and slides from today's webinar will be available within two weeks.
- 5 Complete the polling questions to help inform future webinars.



### Thank You